Annex A - New Clearance Concept (NCC)

Illustration 1: Overview of NCC

- Given the security climate, heightened expectations of travellers, ageing population and shrinking labour force, and upcoming new border projects (e.g., Rapid Transit System), the demand for secure and efficient immigration clearance is expected to grow.
- ICA is fundamentally reviewing its concept of operations to automate routine processes and channel limited manpower resources to more important areas.
- Under the NCC, ICA will leverage data analytics and automated clearance for secured immigration clearance of passengers, conveyance, and cargo.

New Clearance Concept (NCC)

Data driven, pre-arrival risk assessment & automated clearance

FOR PASSENGERS

AUTOMATED CLEARANCE

(FOR FIRST TIME VISITORS)

- ↑ clearance throughput
- ↑ operational efficiency
- · Higher-value work for officers

CONTACTLESS CLEARANCE

(FOR KNOWN TRAVELLERS)

 Iris and facial recognition without the need to produce passport



FOR CONVEYANCE

AUTOMATED CLEARANCE

 Self-immigration clearance for passengers in the car

AUTOMATED SECURITY CHECKS

 Leverage scanning technologies and sensors to automate security checks



FOR CARGO

AUTOMATED CLEARANCE

- Paperless cargo permit clearance
- Automate immigration process for drivers and their attendants

ENHANCED SCANNING CAPABILITIES

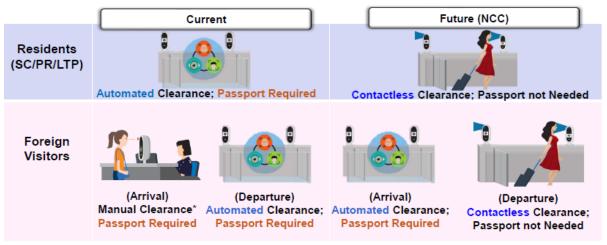
Leverage AI to strengthen detection capabilities



Illustration 2: NCC (Passengers)

ICA will introduce NCC for passengers starting from 2024. The envisaged outcome
is to automate and digitalise the end-to-end clearance process for all travellers,
including foreign visitors. All travellers will be able to use automated lanes for
clearance.

NCC (Passengers) – Automated and Contactless Clearance



^{*}Selected nationalities are eligible for arrival automated clearance under the Automated Clearance Initiative (ACi

Illustration 3: NCC (Conveyance)

- By early 2024, before arriving at the checkpoints, car travellers can self-generate
 a 'passport' QR code via the MylCA mobile app. Travellers can generate an
 individual QR code by retrieving key information via Singpass or scanning their
 passport's Machine-Readable Zone. The latter method can also be used to register
 multiple persons' details to create a group QR code.
- When the car arrives at the immigration counter, the driver will self-scan the QR code for ICA to retrieve backend the profiles and photos of all the travellers in the car. (First time foreign visitors will still be required to present their passport for immigration clearance.) ICA officers at the car counter will then conduct facial checks and assess entry eligibility. When all travellers are cleared, the drop arm barrier will be lifted, and the car can exit the lane.

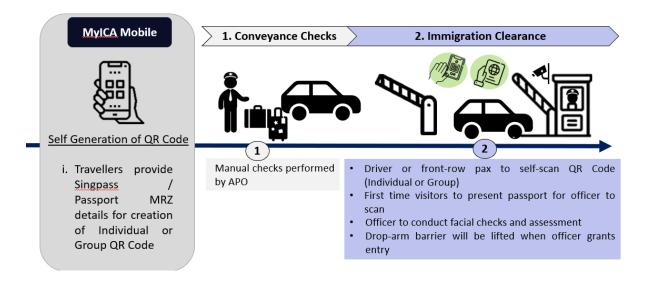


Illustration 4: NCC (Cargo)

- Previously, drivers were required to present hardcopy cargo clearance permits to ICA officers for scanning. From March 2023, drivers or traders can submit the cargo permit numbers and vehicle number to ICA online before the vehicle arrives at the checkpoint.
- ICA will then retrieve the information backend without ICA officers having to manually scan each hardcopy permit for clearance. This process reduces the cargo clearance time by around two minutes per vehicle and benefits the drivers with shorter waiting time.

NCC (Cargo) - Paperless Cargo Clearance

